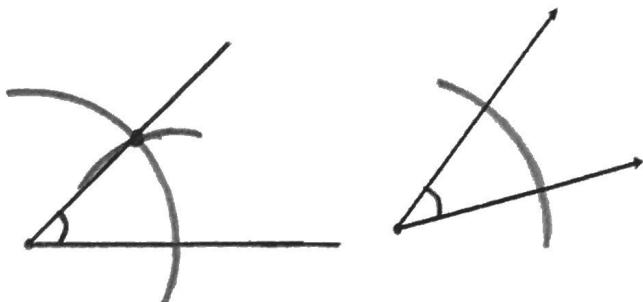


Directions: Complete each construction using a compass and a straightedge.

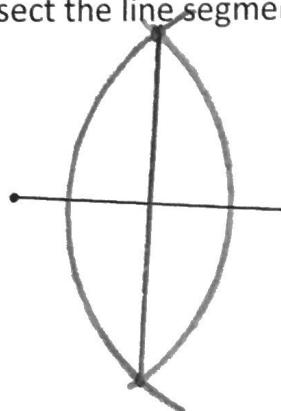
1) Copy the line segment.



2) Copy the angle.



3) Bisect the line segment.

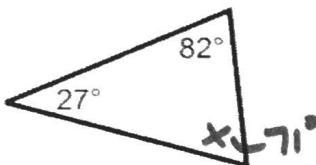


4) Bisect the angle.



Directions: Classify the triangle by its angles and sides.

5)

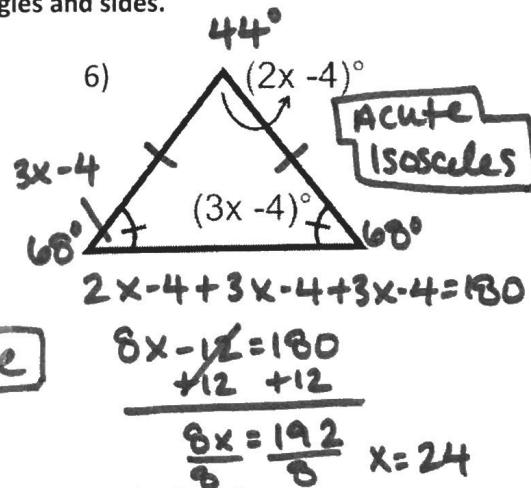


$$27 + 82 + x = 180$$

$$\begin{aligned} 109 + x &= 180 \\ -109 \quad -109 \\ x &= 71 \end{aligned}$$

Acute Scalene

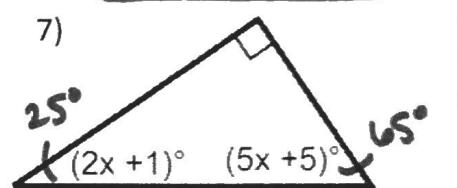
6)



$$2x - 4 + 3x - 4 + 3x - 4 = 180$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8x - 12 &= 180 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ 8x &= 192 \\ \frac{8x}{8} &= \frac{192}{8} \\ x &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

7)



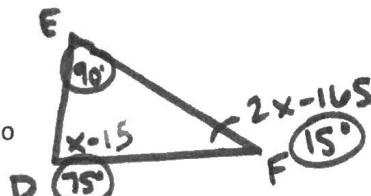
$$\begin{aligned} 90 + 2x + 1 + 5x + 5 &= 180 \\ 7x + 96 &= 180 \\ -96 \quad -96 \\ 7x &= 84 \\ \frac{7x}{7} &= \frac{84}{7} \\ x &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

Directions: Write the triangle angles and sides in order from least to greatest.

8) $m\angle D = (x - 15)^\circ$

$m\angle E = 90^\circ$

$m\angle F = (2x - 165)^\circ$

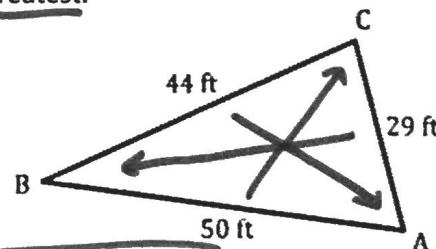


$$90 + x - 15 + 2x - 165 = 180$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 90 &= 180 \\ +90 \quad +90 \\ 3x &= 270 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 90 \\ \overline{DE}, \overline{EF}, \overline{DF} \end{aligned}$$

9)



$\overline{CA}, \overline{BC}, \overline{BA}$

$\angle B, \angle A, \angle C$

Directions: Solve for x.

10)

Ext. L's Theorem

$$9x + 16 + 6x + 15 = 19x + 3$$

$$15x + 31 = 19x + 3$$

$$\cancel{-15x} \quad \cancel{-15x}$$

$$31 = 4x + 3$$

$$\cancel{-3} \quad \cancel{-3}$$

$$\frac{28}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$$

$$x = 7$$

12)

Vertical L's are ≈.

$$180 - 153 = 27$$

$$180 - 92 - 48 = 40$$

$$180 - 112 = 68$$

$$180 - 68 - 40 = 72$$

$$180 - 61 - 27 = 92$$

11)

option 1: $63 + 86 = x$ (Exterior L's Theorem)

$$149 = x$$

option 2: $31 + x = 180$ (Linear pair)

$$x = 149$$

13)

OPTION 2: $x + 29 + 55 + x + 104 = 180$

$$x + 104$$

$$x = -4$$

Ext L's Thm.

OPTION 1: $x + 29 + x + 104 = 125$

$$2x + 133 = 125$$

$$\cancel{-133} \quad \cancel{-133}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-8}{2}$$

$$x = -4$$

Directions: Determine if the following sides can make a triangle.

14) 5, 6, 7

$$5+6=11$$

$$11 > 7?$$

Yes

15) 1, 1, 2

$$1+1=2$$

$$2>2?$$

No

16) 21, 21, 21

$$21+21=42$$

$$42 > 21?$$

Yes

Directions: Determine the range of values for the third side of a triangle if the following lengths are two sides.

17) 7, 12

$$7+12=19$$

$$12-7=5$$

$$5 < x < 19$$

18) 12, 14

$$12+14=26$$

$$14-12=2$$

$$2 < x < 26$$

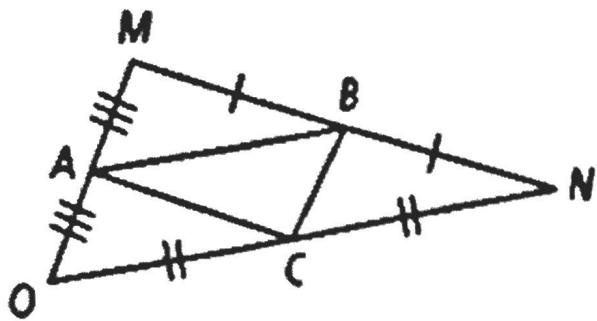
19) 5, 16

$$5+16=21$$

$$16-5=11$$

$$11 < x < 21$$

Directions: Use the figure to solve each problem.



20) $\overline{MN} \parallel ?$

$$\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AC}$$

21) What midsegment is parallel to \overline{MO} ?

$$\overline{BC}$$

22) If $AB = 17.5$, what is NO ?
the value of x ?

$$17.5 \times 2 = 35$$

$$\boxed{NO = 35}$$

24) If $AB = 3x - 1$ and $ON = 34$, what is the value of x ?

$$2(3x-1) = 34$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 2 = 34 \\ +2 +2 \\ \hline 6x = 36 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x=6}$$

AB is midsegment
so we have to
mult. by 2 to
set equal to
side length.

23) If $MB = 2x - 5$ and $BN = 19$, what is
the value of x ?

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 8 = 19 \\ +5 +5 \\ \hline 2x = 24 \\ \boxed{x=12} \end{array}$$

$$\overline{MB} \cong \overline{BN}$$

so we equal
them to
each other.

25) If $m\angle AOC = 37^\circ$, what is $m\angle BCN$?

$$\boxed{m\angle BCN = 37^\circ}$$

$\angle AOC$ & $\angle BCN$ are
corresponding \angle 's so
they have same meas.

26) If $m\angle BCN = 48^\circ$, what is $m\angle CBA$?

$$m\angle CBA = 48$$

$\angle BCN \cong \angle CBA$ because
they are alt. int. \angle 's.

27) If $MO = 32$, $MN = 45$, and $ON = 81$,
what is the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$?

Perimeter of $\triangle MON =$
 $32 + 45 + 81 = 158$.

The perimeter of $\triangle ABC$
will be half of that.

$$\frac{158}{2} = \boxed{79}$$