

Directions: Write the trigonometric ratio as a fraction and as a decimal rounded to the nearest hundredth.

1)  $\sin P$   

$$\frac{12}{13} \quad .92$$

2)  $\cos M$   

$$\frac{12}{13} \quad .92$$

3)  $\tan P$   

$$\frac{12}{5} \quad 2.4$$

4)  $\cos P$   

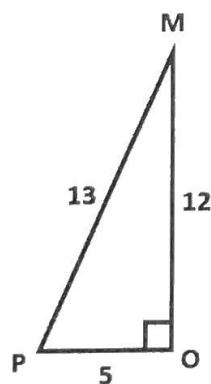
$$\frac{5}{13} \quad .38$$

5)  $\sin M$   

$$\frac{5}{13} \quad .38$$

6)  $\tan M$   

$$\frac{5}{12} \quad .42$$



Directions: Use your calculator to find each trigonometric ratio to the nearest tenth.

7)  $\cos 25^\circ$

$.9$

8)  $\tan 30^\circ$

$.6$

9)  $\sin 30^\circ$

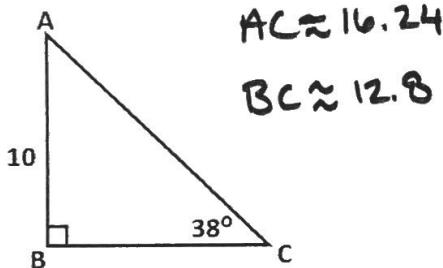
$.5$

10)  $\cos 45^\circ$

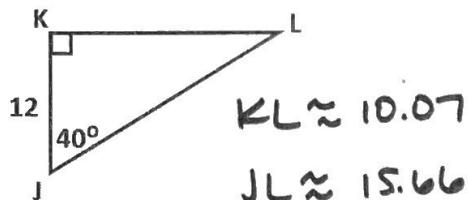
$.7$

Directions: Find each length. Round to the nearest hundredth.

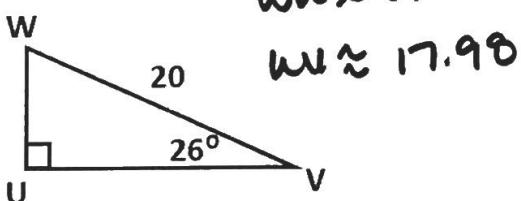
11) AC &amp; BC



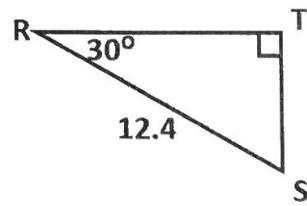
12) KL &amp; JL



13) WU &amp; UV



14) RT &amp; TS

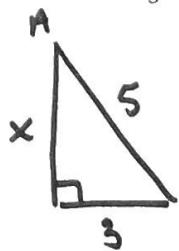


$RT \approx 10.74$

$TS \approx 6.2$

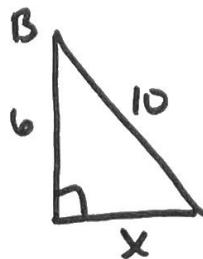
Directions: Draw a right triangle to represent each trigonometric ratio. Then, find the missing side.

15)  $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$



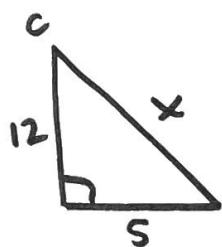
$x = 4$   
\*use Pyth. Th.

16)  $\cos B = \frac{6}{10}$



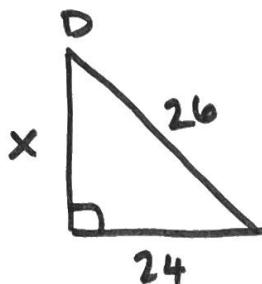
$x = 8$   
\*use Pyth. Th.

17)  $\tan C = \frac{5}{12}$



$x = 13$   
\*use Pyth. Th.

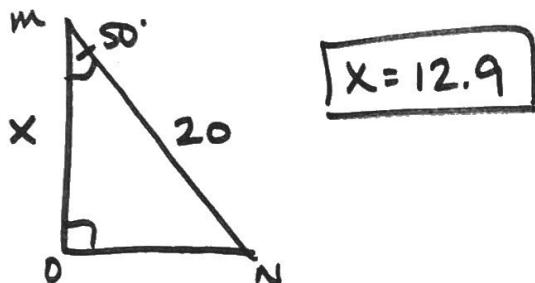
18)  $\sin D = \frac{24}{26}$



$x = 10$   
\*use Pyth. Th.

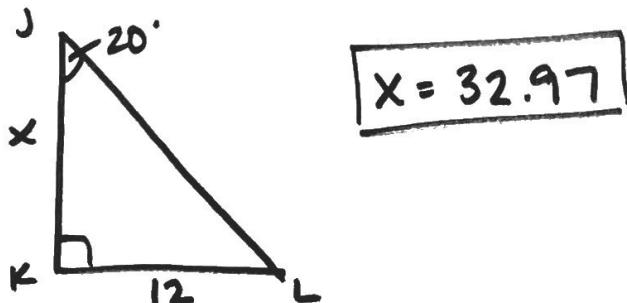
Directions: Draw a triangle to represent the given situation. Then, find each missing side.

19) M, O, and N are the vertices of a right triangle. Angle M is  $50^\circ$  &  $MN = 20$ . MN is the hypotenuse. What is MO to the nearest tenth?



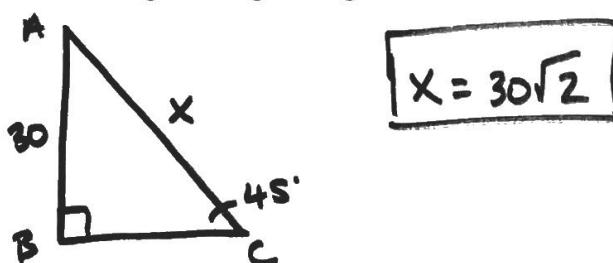
$x = 12.9$

20) J, K, and L are the vertices of a right triangle. Angle J is  $20^\circ$ .  $KL = 12$ . If JK is a leg, what is JK to the nearest hundredth?



$x = 32.97$

21) A, B, and C are the vertices of a right triangle. Angle C is  $45^\circ$  and  $AB = 30$ . If CB is a leg, what is the exact length of AC?



$x = 30\sqrt{2}$